

## **REMARKS**

Responsive to the Office Action mailed November 8, 2002, the Examiner's comments and cited art have been studied. In view of the following remarks, the application is submitted as being in condition for allowance.

### **Allowable Subject Matter**

Applicants acknowledge that claims 8-33 and 48-52 are allowed. Applicants further acknowledge that claims 2, 7, 39 and 47 would be allowable if rewritten in independent form. Claim 1 has been amended to incorporate the subject matter of claim 7, which was found to be allowable in the Office Action. Claim 34 has been amended to incorporate the subject matter of dependent claim 39, which was found to be allowable in the Office Action. Claim 40 has been amended to incorporate the subject matter of dependent claim 47, which was found to be allowable in the Office Action. Consequently, claims 1-6, 8-38, 40-46 and 48-52 are all allowable.

### **Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. § 102**

#### **Claims 1, 3-5 and 34-37**

Claims 1, 3-5 and 34-37 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by Swan. These rejections are now moot in view of the amendments of claims 1 and 34 to incorporate subject matter found to be allowable in the Office Action.

#### **Claim 57-61**

Claims 57-61 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by Johnson. These rejections are respectfully traversed.

Johnson is directed to enhancing the sharpness of a video image. Regarding claims 57-61, Johnson fails to disclose or suggest a "digital television/local bus interface bus logic for passing decoded digital television data." The Office Action characterizes a video port 150 in Figure 4 of Johnson as the "digital television/local bus interface bus logic for passing decoded digital television data." Figure 4, however, does not suggest that the video port 151 interfaces to a local bus or that the outgoing line 156 from the video port 151 is part of a local bus, thus there is no suggestion that the video port 150 is "digital television/local bus interface bus logic." In fact, Figure 3 in Johnson shows local buses 106 and 108 reside outside the graphics/video system 116 (shown in Figure 4) altogether. Figure 4 also fails

to suggest that the incoming video signal 152 provided to the video port 150 is a digital video television signal, thus Figure 4 fails to suggest that the video port 150 is "digital television/local bus interface logic" in this respect as well.

Line 9 of column 2 in Johnson refers to the "new era of digital television" in indicating that the sharpness characteristic has become particularly important. In the summary of the invention section, lines 55-56 of column 2 in Johnson indicate that a "digital television system" is provided as a further aspect of the present invention. Yet, there is no further mention of a "digital television system" in Johnson. This vague and limited mentioning of "digital television" in Johnson does not suggest that the video port 150 in Figure 4 is a "digital television/local bus interface bus logic."

### **Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. § 103**

#### **Claims 6 and 38**

Claims 6 and 38 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Swan and "Admitted Prior Art (APA)." These rejections are now moot in view of the amendment of independent claims 1 and 34 to include subject matter found to be allowable in the Office Action.

#### **Claims 40 and 42-46**

Claims 40 and 42-46 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brill. These rejections are now moot in view of the amendment of independent claim 40 to include subject matter found to be allowable in the Office Action.

#### **Claim 41**

Claims 41 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brill and "Admitted Prior Art (APA)." This rejection is moot in view of the amendment of independent claim 40 to include subject matter found to be allowable in the Office Action.

#### **Claims 53-56**

Claims 53-56 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Emelko and Wilson. These rejections are moot in view of the cancellation of claims 53-56.

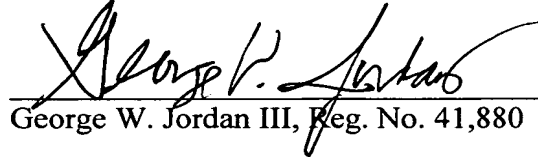
### CONCLUSION

The prior art made of record, but not specifically cited, is not believed to disclose any significant information that is not sufficiently discussed in this Response and Amendment.

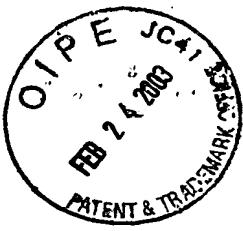
It is respectfully submitted that all issues and rejections have been adequately addressed and that all claims are allowable and that the case should be advanced to issuance.

If the Examiner has any questions or wishes to discuss the claims, the Examiner is encouraged to call the undersigned or David R. Clonts at the telephone number indicated below.

Respectfully submitted,

  
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## ATTACHMENT A

### Clean Version of Pending Claims (As of February 17, 2003)

Subcl 7  
B' concl.

1. (Amended) A method of transferring digital television data in a system having a first frame buffer and a second frame buffer, comprising the steps of:  
storing incoming digital television data in the first frame buffer;  
reading outgoing digital television data from the second frame buffer;  
monitoring refresh of a display device coupled to the system; and  
transmitting the outgoing digital television data in the second frame buffer to the display device when a programmed position of the display device is refreshed, wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.
2. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:  
storing the incoming digital television data in the second frame buffer;  
reading the outgoing digital television data from the first frame buffer; and  
transmitting the outgoing digital television data in the first frame buffer to the display device when the programmed position of the display device is refreshed.
3. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:  
detecting whether the outgoing digital television data is stored in the first frame buffer or the second frame buffer.
4. The method of claim 1, the monitoring step comprising the step of:  
monitoring a horizontal sync and a vertical sync of the display device.
5. The method of claim 1, wherein the outgoing digital television data transmitted to the display device comprises a frame.
6. The method of claim 1, the transmitting step comprising the step of:  
transmitting the outgoing digital television data over a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) bus.

7. Cancelled.

8. A system for transferring digital television data over a local bus,  
comprising:  
a local bus; and  
digital television/local bus interface logic coupled to the local bus,

comprising:  
a digital television interface for receiving incoming digital television  
data;  
a local bus interface for transmitting outgoing digital television data  
over the local bus;  
a first frame buffer for storing the incoming digital television data  
and the outgoing digital television data in an alternating manner;  
a second frame buffer for storing the outgoing digital television data  
and the incoming digital television data in an alternating manner; and  
a memory controller for storing the incoming digital television data  
to one frame buffer and reading the outgoing digital television data from  
another frame buffer.

9. The system of claim 8, wherein the local bus comprises a peripheral  
component interconnect (PCI) bus.

10. The system of claim 8, further comprising:  
a display device coupled to the local bus for receiving outgoing digital  
television data over the local bus.

11. The system of claim 8, wherein the memory controller stores the incoming  
digital television data to the first frame buffer and reads the outgoing digital television data  
from the second frame buffer on a first portion of a refresh of a display device and  
transmits the outgoing digital television data in the second frame buffer to the display  
device on a second portion of the refresh of the display device.

12. The system of claim 8, wherein the memory controller stores the incoming  
digital television data to the second frame buffer and reads the outgoing digital television

data from the first frame buffer on a first portion of a refresh of a display device and transmits the outgoing digital television data in the first frame buffer to the display device on a second portion of the refresh of the display device.

13. The system of claim 8, wherein the local bus interface monitors a refresh of a display device for receiving the outgoing digital television data.

14. The system of claim 8, wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.

15. The system of claim 8, the digital television/local bus logic further comprising:

a write state machine for detecting whether the incoming digital television data is being written to the first frame buffer or the second frame buffer.

16. The system of claim 8, the digital television/local bus logic further comprising:

a read state machine for informing the memory controller of a frame buffer from which to read the outgoing digital television data.

17. A digital television/local bus interface logic, comprising:

a digital television interface for receiving incoming digital television data;

a local bus interface for transmitting outgoing digital television data;

a first frame buffer for storing the incoming digital television data and the outgoing digital television data in an alternating manner;

a second frame buffer for storing the outgoing digital television data and the incoming digital television data in an alternating manner; and

a memory controller for storing the incoming digital television data to one frame buffer and reading the outgoing digital television data from another frame buffer on a first portion of a refresh of a display device and transmitting the outgoing digital television data in the one frame buffer to the display device on a second portion of the refresh of the display device.

18. The interface logic of claim 17, wherein the local bus interface comprises a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) interface.

19. The interface logic of claim 17, wherein the local bus interface transmits the outgoing digital television data over a local bus.

20. The interface logic of claim 17, wherein the memory controller stores the incoming digital television data to the first frame buffer and reads the outgoing digital television data from the second frame buffer on a first portion of a refresh of the display device and transmits the outgoing digital television data in the second frame buffer to the display device on a second portion of the refresh of the display device.

21. The interface logic of claim 17, wherein the memory controller stores the incoming digital television data to the second frame buffer and reads the outgoing digital television data from the first frame buffer on a first portion of a refresh of the display device and transmits the outgoing digital television data in the first frame buffer to the display device on a second portion of the refresh of the display device.

22. The interface logic of claim 17, wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.

23. The interface logic of claim 17, further comprising:  
a write state machine for detecting whether the incoming digital television data is being written to the first frame buffer or the second frame buffer.

24. The interface logic of claim 17, further comprising:  
a read state machine for informing the memory controller of a frame buffer from which to read the outgoing digital television data.

25. A digital television/local bus interface logic, comprising:  
a first interface means for receiving incoming digital television data;  
a second interface means for transmitting outgoing digital television data;  
a first buffer means for storing the incoming digital television data and the outgoing digital television data in an alternating manner;  
a second buffer means for storing the outgoing digital television data and

the incoming digital television data in an alternating manner; and

a controller means for storing the incoming digital television data to one buffer means and reading the outgoing digital television data from another buffer means.

26. The interface logic of claim 25, wherein the second interface means for transmitting the outgoing digital television data comprises a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) interface.

27. The interface logic of claim 25, wherein the second interface means for transmitting the outgoing digital television data transmits the outgoing digital television data over a local bus.

28. The interface logic of claim 25, further comprising:  
a write state machine means for detecting whether the incoming digital television data is being written to the first frame buffer or the second frame buffer.

29. The interface logic of claim 25, further comprising:  
a read state machine means for informing the memory controller of a frame buffer from which to read the outgoing digital television data.

30. The interface logic of claim 25, wherein the first interface means for receiving the incoming digital television data comprises a digital television interface.

31. The interface logic of claim 25, wherein the controller means stores the incoming digital television data to the first storing means and reads the outgoing digital television data from the second storing means on a first portion of a refresh of a display device and transmits the outgoing digital television data in the second storing means to the display device on a second portion of the refresh of the display device.

32. The interface logic of claim 25, wherein the controller means stores the incoming digital television data to the second storing means and reads the outgoing digital television data from the first storing means on a first portion of a refresh of a display device and transmits the outgoing digital television data in the first storing means to the display device on a second portion of the refresh of the display device.



33. The interface logic of claim 25, wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.

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34. (Amended) A digital television data handling system, comprising:  
a first storing means for storing incoming digital television data and outgoing digital television data in an alternating manner;  
a second storing means for storing the incoming digital television data and the outgoing digital television data in an alternating manner;  
a monitoring means for monitoring refresh of a display device; and  
a transmitting means for transmitting the outgoing digital television data in a storing means to the display device when a programmed position of the display device is refreshed,  
wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.

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35. The system of claim 34, the transmitting means comprising:  
a means for reading the outgoing digital television data from a storing means.

36. The system of claim 34, the monitoring means comprising:  
a means for monitoring a horizontal sync and a vertical sync of the display device.

37. The system of claim 34, the transmitting means comprising:  
a detecting means for detecting whether the outgoing digital television data is stored in the first storing means or the second storing means.

38. The system of claim 34, the transmitting means comprising:  
a means for transmitting the outgoing digital television data over a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) bus.

*Subcl 8  
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39. Cancelled.

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40. (Amended) A closed loop digital television data anti-tearing system,

comprising:

a local bus;  
a graphics controller coupled to the local bus;  
a display device for receiving outgoing digital television data from the graphics controller; and  
a digital television/local bus interface logic coupled to the local bus for storing incoming digital television data and the outgoing digital television data and selectively providing the outgoing digital television data over the local bus to the graphics controller when a programmed position of the display device is refreshed, wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.

41. The anti-tearing system of claim 40, further comprising:  
a core logic coupled between the local bus and the graphics controller.
42. The anti-tearing system of claim 40, further comprising:  
a digital television decoder for providing incoming television data to the digital television/local bus interface logic.
43. The anti-tearing system of claim 42, further comprising:  
a digital television tuner for providing incoming digital television data to the digital television decoder.

44. The anti-tearing system of claim 40, wherein the graphics controller provides a feedback signal to the digital television/local bus interface logic to indicate whether the programmed position of the display device is refreshed.

45. The anti-tearing system of claim 44, wherein the feedback signal comprises a horizontal sync and a vertical sync of the display device.

46. The anti-tearing system of claim 40, wherein the local bus comprises a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) bus.

47. Cancelled.

48. A dual stream digital television/local bus interface logic, comprising:  
a first digital television interface for receiving a first incoming digital television data stream;  
a second digital television interface for receiving a second incoming digital television data stream;  
a local bus interface for transmitting a first outgoing digital data stream and a second outgoing digital television data stream;  
a first frame buffer for storing the first incoming digital television data stream and the first outgoing digital television data stream in an alternating manner;  
a second frame buffer for storing the first outgoing digital television data stream and the first incoming digital television data stream in an alternating manner;  
a third frame buffer for storing the second incoming digital television data stream and the second outgoing digital television data stream in an alternating manner;  
a fourth frame buffer for storing the second outgoing digital television data stream and the second incoming digital television data stream in an alternating manner; and  
a memory controller for storing the first incoming digital television data stream to the first frame buffer or the second frame buffer and reading the first outgoing digital television data stream from the second frame buffer or the first frame buffer on a first portion of a refresh of a display device, storing the second incoming digital television data stream to the third frame buffer or the fourth frame buffer and reading the second outgoing digital television data stream from the fourth frame buffer or the third frame buffer on the first portion of the refresh of the display device, transmitting the first outgoing digital television data stream to the display device on a second portion of the refresh of the display device, and transmitting the second outgoing digital television data stream to the display device on the second portion of the refresh of the display device.

49. The interface logic of claim 48, wherein the local bus interface comprises a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) interface.

50. The interface logic of claim 48, wherein a refresh rate of the first outgoing digital television data stream is decoupled from a refresh rate of the first incoming digital television stream and a refresh rate of the second outgoing digital television data stream is decoupled from the refresh rate of the second incoming digital television data stream.

51. The interface logic of claim 48, further comprising:  
a local bus interface buffer for receiving and storing the first outgoing digital television data stream from the first frame buffer and the second frame buffer and for receiving and storing the second outgoing digital television data stream from the third frame buffer and the fourth frame buffer.

52. The interface logic of claim 48, further comprising:  
a first set of digital television interface buffers coupled to the first digital television interface for receiving a first incoming digital television data stream; and  
a second set of digital television interface buffers coupled to the second digital television interface for receiving the second incoming digital television data stream.

53. Cancelled.

54. Cancelled.

55. Cancelled.

56. Cancelled.

57. A computer system adapted for transferring digital television data, comprising:  
a digital television/local bus interface logic for passing decoded digital television data;  
a graphics controller for receiving the decoded digital television data over a local bus from the digital television/local bus interface logic; and  
a display device for receiving the decoded digital television data from the graphics controller.

58. The computer system of claim 57, wherein the local bus comprises a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) bus.

59. The computer system of claim 57, further comprising:  
a core logic for receiving the decoded digital television data from the digital television/local bus interface logic and passing the decoded digital television data to the graphics controller.

60. The computer system of claim 57, further comprising:  
a digital television decoder for providing decoded digital television data to the digital television/local bus interface logic.

61. The computer system of claim 60, further comprising:  
a digital television tuner for providing encoded digital television data to the digital television decoder.

## **ATTACHMENT B**

### **Marked-Up Version of Pending Claims (As of February 17, 2003)**

1. (Amended) A method of transferring digital television data in a system having a first frame buffer and a second frame buffer, comprising the steps of:  
storing incoming digital television data in the first frame buffer;  
reading outgoing digital television data from the second frame buffer;  
monitoring refresh of a display device coupled to the system; and  
transmitting the outgoing digital television data in the second frame buffer to the display device when a programmed position of the display device is refreshed,

wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.

34. (Amended) A digital television data handling system, comprising:  
a first storing means for storing incoming digital television data and outgoing digital television data in an alternating manner;  
a second storing means for storing the incoming digital television data and the outgoing digital television data in an alternating manner;  
a monitoring means for monitoring refresh of a display device; and  
a transmitting means for transmitting the outgoing digital television data in a storing means to the display device when a programmed position of the display device is refreshed,

wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.

40. (Amended) A closed loop digital television data anti-tearing system, comprising:  
a local bus;  
a graphics controller coupled to the local bus;  
a display device for receiving outgoing digital television data from the graphics controller; and  
a digital television/local bus interface logic coupled to the local bus for storing incoming digital television data and the outgoing digital television data and

selectively providing the outgoing digital television data over the local bus to the graphics controller when a programmed position of the display device is refreshed,  
wherein a refresh rate of the incoming digital television data is decoupled from a refresh rate of the outgoing digital television data.